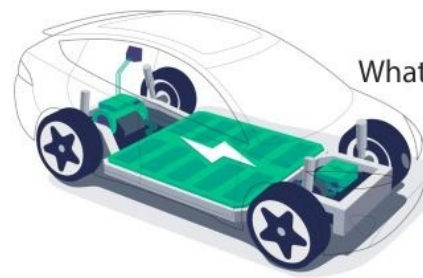


# ELECTRIC VEHICLE EXTRICATION SAFETY

Protect Responders. Control the Hazard.

# SAVE LIVES!



What **Components** of an electric vehicle are considered **High Voltage?**

## REMINDERS:

### PPE & SCENE SAFETY:

- ◆ Full structural PPE
- ◆ Insulated gloves when available
- ◆ Establish hot/warm/cold zones
- ◆ Keep bystanders clear of the area
- ◆ Use thermal imaging for battery heat

### HIGH- VOLTAGE HAZARDS

- ◆ EV systems can exceed 400—800 volts
- ◆ Orange Cables = HIGH VOLTAGE
- ◆ Damaged batteries may ignite, re-ignite or explode
- ◆ Silent hazard—no sound doesn't mean NO POWER

### SAFE EXTRICATION PRACTICES

- ◆ Avoid cutting near battery packs (often underneath the vehicle)
- ◆ Stabilize vehicle before patient access
- ◆ Use cribbing and non-conductive tools when possible
- ◆ Be cautious of undeployed airbags

### FIRE & POST INCIDENT CONSIDERATIONS

- ◆ Battery fires require large volumes of water
- ◆ Monitor for re-ignition for hours or days
- ◆ Coordinate with towing and recovery personnel
- ◆ Do not store damaged EVs inside structure

